BATIONAL DEMOCRACY STATES PEW OF ITS LOCAL VIEWS.

Whoops Things Up for Its Ex-Mayor and Re-Day as Tammany's... Says There's No Nationa Politics in This Election-Things It Wants. The National Democratic party, which came into existence on national political issues, edopted through its County Committee, which

met in the Grand Central Palace last night, resclutions attempting to set those issues aside in the municipal campaign and substituting therefor local issues, most of which have already been appropriated by Tammany Hall, the Home Rule Democracy, the Stecklers, or the Citizens'

A small boom was started at the meeting for William R. Grace for Mayor. Mr. Grace has again entered active politics by accepting a place on the Executive Committee of the party representing the Twenty-ninth Assembly disbelet. He was not present at the meeting last

There were something more than 1,000 mer at the meeting, and it-was asserted that most of them were delegates. Among others there were men who have figured prominently in the County and State Democracy, including Corporation Jounsel Scott and his assistants, Robert Grier Monroe and H. De Forest Baldwin, Charles J. Monroe and H. De Forest Baldwin, Charles J.
Canda, Maurice J. Power, Coroner Hoeber,
Thomas Costigan, Thomas F. Keating, Daniel
E. Dowling, Hugh R. Garden, John Fennel,
John J. Quinian, John De Witt Warner, John
A. Henneberry, M. J. Kelly, and John Jeroloman,
Mr. Ecott called the meeting to order and
made a short speech, in which he said little
except that it is the special duty of the National
Democracy to assist in providing the best possilie administrations for the Greater City of New
York.

committee organized by electing the following officers:
Chairman, Hugh R. Garden; Vice-Chairmen, John De Witt Warner, Charles V. Fornea, Joseph H. Senner and Charles J. Canda; Recording Secretary, W. J. Brown; Reading Secretary, Henry H. Sherman; Corresponding Secretary, John A. Henneberry; Treaturer, Thomas F. Keating.

urer, Thomas F. Keating.

The Committee on Resolutions retired, and during its absence the Executive Committee of 155 members, five-from each Assembly district, was announced. The first named are recognized as the district leaders, and are as follows:

was announced. The Brst hamed are fecognized as the district leaders, and are as follows:

1. John Murphy.
2. Boyce J. Egan.
3. Fr. D. Mahoney.
4. Dan E. Dowling.
5. Btanley W. Dexter.
6. Denis McEvoy.
7. C. J. Canda.
8. Henry Keyser.
9. Michael Sexton.
9. Thos. F. Keating.
10. John Fennel.
11. Thos. Costigan.
12. Fr. S. Kaufman.
10. John Fennel.
12. Morris Jacoby.
13. Henry O'Connell.
14. Henry O'Connell.
15. H. M. Powell.
16. Henry Allen.
17. Joseph E. McMahon.
18. Maurice J. Power.
19. John J. Brady.
When ex-Mayor Grace's name was mentioned there was tremendous cheering for "the next Mayor of Greater New York," led by John J. Quinlan.
19. On motion of Col. Monroe the Executive Com-

Quinlan.

On motion of Col. Monroe the Executive Committee was endowed with all the functions of the County Committee. Then Mr. Scott presented the report of the Committee on Resolutions, which said, among other things, of the empire election:

coming election:

No question of national or State policy will be involved, and all such questions should be relegated for solution to a more appropriate occasion, to the end that the attention of our citizens may not be diverted from due consideration of the all-important questions of municipal administration which are directly involved.

The first Mayor of the consolidated city should possess both personal and intellectual honesty, his firmness and courage should be unquestioned, he should be broad-minded and liberal, should be possessed of proven canacity for passing upon and

be broad-minded and liberal, should be pos-sessed of proven capacity for passing upon and dealing with business propositions, and should have personal knowledge and experience of the affairs and history of the present city of New York, and of the territory about to be consolidated with it. He should be thoroughly imbard with the great doc-trine that underlies all true Democracy—that Gov-ernment is instituted and should be administered for the benefit of all the people, and not in the interest of any favored class. We insist that the civil service requirements of the Constitution be carried out in their spirit and letter.

any favored class.

We insist that the civil service requirements of the Constitution be carried out in their spirit and letter, and we condemn the attempt of our Republican Legislature, led by our Republican Governor, to nullify these requirements.

We favor municipal control and municipal ownership of all municipal control and supervision be restained over all corporations using the public streats. We favor the extension of the system of small parks in the more crowded parts of the city, the establishment of public baths and lavatories, the placing of the beat and most easily cleaned pavements in the more densely peopled districts, and that the laws for the improvement and sanitation of tenement because be enforced.

We demand that the city of New York be permitted to administer its local arisins without dictation or interference from the State Legislature.

We do not object to such excise laws as shall reasonably tax for public purposes the business of liquor selling, but we do contemn the present Excise Tax law, which imposes an excessive tax in this city, unjusty discriminates against the city of New York in lawor of other more favored portions of the State, and deprives this city of a large share of the taxes so imposed.

We denounce interference, under any pretext.

imposed.

We denounce interference, under any pretext, with matters that should be left to the individual, and believe that, by effective police administration public decorum can and should be secured, without interference, on any day of the week, with the habit or recreation of orderly citizens.

Garden said

After the meeting Chairman Garden said that ex-Mayor Grace is the one man that can be exceed by the Democrats Mayor of the new city. The Executive Committee was convened after the County Committee adjourned, and elected Robert Grier Monroe Chairman and John A. Robert Grier Monroe Chairman and John A. Henneberry Secretary. It appointed Col. Monroe, H. be Forest Baldwan, and Edward McGoe, the latter representing Bronx borough, to confer with the organizations of the party in the boroughs of Brooklyn. Queens, and Richmond relative to the date for holding the City Convention. The committee adjourned to meet to-night at 258 West Twensy-third street and fix the dates for the various conventions. Chairman Monroe said that the City Convention will probably be held on the day of the Tammany City Convention and the County Convention on Oct. I.

William T. Glover, who was appointed on Wednesday a State excise inspector, is a National Democracy men, and a member of the Executive Committee of the National Democratic party from the Thirty-third Assembly discorratio party from the Thirty-third Assembly discorration and the County Convention the Thirty-third Assembly discorration party from the Thirty-third Assembly discorrance and the County Convention the County Cou

eratic party from the Thirty-third Assembly dis-

#### LOW INDORSED AS A NON-PARTISAN. The Brooklyn Young Republicans Urged to "Pray" for the Citizens' Union Candidate.

The Brooklyn Young Republican Club, which in the early era of its history was a great force in the affairs of the G. O. P. in that city, but which has been on the decline ever since it was well-nigh converted to Mugwumpism in the Blaine-Cleveland campaign and has now less

the Blaine-Cleveland campaign and has now less than 100 active members, met last night to intrude itself into the settlement of the big Mayoralty problem. There were about 100 members present, and this was apparently a surprising attendance, for Chairman Hiram R. Steele declared that it was the largest meeting he could recall since he became the presiding officer.

The club adopted the suggestion of the Executive and Advisory committees by indersing Seth Low as its choice for Mayor of the Greater New York, "recognizing in him the best exponent of the principle of their club, that national and tate politics have no proper place in municipal

Low as its choice for Mayor of the Greater New York, "recognizing in him the best exponent of the principle of their chib, that national and flate politics have no proper place in municipal affairs." In contravention of this non-partisan deliverance, the constitution of the non-partisan deliverance, the constitution of the club provides that no one can become a member who does not subscribe to the Republican faith as laid down in the national platform.

Chairman Steele admitted that some members who had failed to attend had sent communications flatly refusing to support Low, while others said that although Low was their first choice, they would not vote for him unless he was the nominee of the regular Republican Convention. These letters were quietly pigeonholed by Secretary Judson G. Wall and kept away from the reporters. Mr. Steele also expressed his regret over the precipitate action of the Citizens' Union, but thought the trouble might yet be straightened out. The fact that Mr. Low may have made mistakes and voted wrong once or twice should not, be thought, be counted against him in this particular race.

B. L. Nordbouse urged his young Republican associates not only to "work" but to "pray for Selt Low. R. B. Gwillin spoke of "the gravity of the situation," and bewailed the lack of wisdom exhibited in the methods of the Citizens Union, which might give the control of the Greater New York into the hands of Tammany Hall for the next twenty years.

Sept. 30, two days after the nomination for Mayor, was fixed as the next meeting night. The proposer of the moti n explained: "We will then know where we are at."

A notable absentee from last night's gathering was President Charles Moore of the Montauk Club, who has been regarded as one of the few really strong men remaining in the Young

ing was President Charles Moore of the Mon-tauk Club, who has been regarded as one of the few really strong men remaining in the Young Republican organization and the closest per-sonal friend of President McKinley in the sister city. It is thought that one of the pigeon-holed communication was from Mr. Moore, who is known to be opposed to the Low-Worth com-bination.

#### President of the Democratic Loyal League Congratulates Justice Parker

KINGSTON, Sept. 16 .- H. M. McDonald, Presi nt of the Loyal Democratic League, has sent the following congratulatory telegram to Jus-tice Alton B. Parker of this city, who has been nominated for Chief Judge of the Court of Ap-

Hearty congratulations, Will do all I can to i day long Judge Parker has been kept busy ling and answering congratulatory messages a Democratic leaders, lawyers, and friends a all over the State.

NO LEGAL STATUS IN THIS STATE. The People's Party Has No Right to a Part

AUBANY, Sept. 16.-The People's party has n legal status in this State, so far as its right to a party column on the official ballot is concorned. Lawrence J. McParlin of Lockport, representing the People's party, recently addressed a communication to the Secretary of State, which was referred for answer to the Attorney-General.
In his communication Mr. McParlin says:

"Last fall the People's party nominated the same electors and the same person for Governor as the Democrats, and the electors and Governor so nominated received more than 10,000 votes and the election was a general election in the State of New York."

Mr. McParlin asks if there is any reason under the circumstances why the People's party certificate of nomination for Judge of the Court of Appeals, or for any other State officer that it may be necessary to vote for this fall, should not be duly accepted and filed in the office of the Secretary of State and the candidates of that party placed on the official ballot. In replying to Mr. McParlin the Attorney-General says:

In replying to Mr. McParlin the Attorney-General says:

"Permit me to say that by the only official record on file in the office of the Secretary of State showing a separate and distinct vote by the People's party for a State officer, namely, Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals, it appears that the total vote cast for this office by said party was \$,344. This seems to me to be the true basis upon which to determine the question you ask, as it is impossible to ascertain the number of votes poiled by the People's party upon a ticket nominated by the Democratic party and also by the People's party. Section 56 of the Election law, so far as relates to party nominations, provides that a party desiring to make nominations for a candidate for public office must have cast at the last preceding general election at which the Governor was elected 10,000 votes. Under the provisions of this section it would therefore appear that the People's party, so called, has at present no legal status. There is nothing, however, to prevent an independent nomination being made in accordance with section 57 of the Election law, in which case the certificate of comination for a State officer must be filed with the Secretary of State and must have the signatures of at least 6,000 voters of the State."

Mr. McParlin does not agree with the Attorney-General on this question and will undoubtedly appeal to the courts.

#### JUSTICE SEDGWICK'S SUCCESSOR. William N. Cohen Appointed Justice of th

Supreme Court by Gov. Black. ALBANY, Sept. 16,-William N. Cohen of New York city has been appointed by Gov. Black as a Justice of the Supreme Court, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Justice Sedgwick whose term would have expired Dec. 31, 1899 Justice Sedgwick was a Justice of the forme Superior Court of New York city, and when Jan. 1, 1896, he became a Justice of the Supreme

that court was abolished by the Constitution on Jan. 1, 1896, he became a Justice of the Supreme Court for the remainder of his term as Superior Court Justice, to sit only in New York county. Next fall a successor will be elected as a Supreme Court Justice.

Mr. Cohen was born in New York in 1857. After having attended the public schools for a time, at the age of 12 he entered as a clerk the law office of Morrison, Lauterbach & Soingarn. At 17, depending entirely upon his own exertions, he entered the Kimball Union Academy in New Hampshire to prepare for a collegiate course, and subsequently entered Dartmouth College and was graduated in 1879. While at college he taught school during his leisure hours, not omitting the study of law during the summer vacation. He was graduated from the Columbia Law School in 1881 and admitted to the bar. Some two years afterward he became a member of the firm of Lauterbach & Spingarn, continuing with it until the firm was reorganized in 1887 under the present firm name of Hoadly, Lauterbach & Johnson. He has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession since his admittance to the bar, and noticeably was engaged in the entire subway litigation in New York city, and also in the Brooklyn and Kings County Elevated Railway Company litigation. He has been known always as a Republican. He has been known always as a Republican was recommended by a number of the Justices of that body and by many leading members of the bar of New York.

#### HANNA'S LABOR RECORD. The Scuator Says Me Was One of the Pirst to

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 16.-Senator Hanna is ngered at the frequent allusions of the Dem cratic newspapers to his alleged record as an mployer of labor. He says that he believes he is the first employer in Ohio who ever recognized rganized labor. The Senator said to-day: "In 1874 the First National Association of

Bituminous Coal Miners was organized with John Seney of Pennsylvania as President and John Fames as Secretary of their organization. The President and Secretary came to Cleveland The President and Secretary came to Cleveland and selected me as the person to see with reference to securing an organization on the part of the coal operators of the Tuscarawas Valley (which at that time was the section shipping the largest quantity of coal to Cleveland, with a view of making an arrangement by which their organization would be recognized and of having the operators cooperate with them on the line indicated, which was to avoid strikes and troubles between miners and operators.

"I read their constitution and by-laws and I read their constitution and by-laws and

roubles between miners and operators.

"I read their constitution and by-laws and told these gentlemen that I would be perfectly willing to undertake that cooperative blan, and thereupon proceeded to organize an association among the operators of the valley with a view of carrying out these blans. I did so, and during the life of tha organization cooperated with the National Miners' Association and settled by arbitration several difficulties that would otherwise have led to a strike.

"I became so impressed with the idea that this was the best and fairest way to deal with these questions that I have ever since been an advocate of that plan of settling difficulties, on a friendly basis of arbitration. So far as I know that was the first time in the history of coal mining in our section of the State that organized labor had been recognized, and since that time I have always advocated the settlement of all difficulties by those methods. Such a purpose on the part of labor organizations is worthy of attention and consideration by all employers of labor, and while I am in that capacity I propose to adhere to these principles."

# CLOSE FIGHT IN RICHMOND.

Regulars and Pinneyites Both Claim to Have

The greatest fight that has ever occurred at the Republican primaries in the history of the party in Richmond county occurred last night between the organization forces and those led by the District Attorney, George M. Pinney, Jr. The contest was on purely local issues and for he possession of the County Committee and

the possession of the County Committee and convention. Up to a late hour the result was very uncertain, both sides claiming victories. Many districts had not been heard from, and this fact made the result doubtful.

The Pinney followers asserted that they would carry the county, but offered no figures. Secretary Thomas Branist of the County Committee claimed a victory by at least 115 votes. It is necessary for either side to secure 103 votes to control the convention. The Pinneyites made a hot flight in Castleton and carried the town almost two to one, and they claim Northfield. There were many minor rows, and hundreds of voters were challenged.

In the Third district of Castleton the Chairman, John Eadle, refused to entertain challenges, and a fist flight was almost precipitated over the challenging of the vote of John Irving by William Russell, an organization man. The organization men allege that many arbitrary acts were committed by the Pinneyites, which will unseat some of their delegations.

# Brooklyn Brynnites Alert.

The Democratic League of Kings County, which was formed directly after the last election to keep the Bryanite fires alive in Brook lyn, has been reorganized with these officers . T. McKechnie, President; A. B. Cruikshank, First Vice-President and Chairman Executive Committee; James P. Kohler, Second Vice-President; Sylvester L. Malone, Secretary; M. J. Flaherty, Financial Secretary; H. A. Goulden, Treasurer; Ezra A. Tuttle, A. C. Fischer, A. J. Boulton, A. J. Wolf, and J. J. Foote, Executive Committee

Committee.

The league is up in arms against the squelching of the national issues by the State Committee, and will co-operate with the associate Hryanite organizations in the Greater New York in independent action. On Oct. 1 a meeting of the league is to be neld, and if Tammany Hall does not make some clear concession to the silver sentiment it will put up a candidate of its own for Mayor.

# Mechanites and Doolingites Go to Court.

There is a factional fight in the Democratic or ganization in the Twentieth ward in Brooklyn, nd the respective partisans are known as Mee hanites and Doolingites. Yesterday the Mechan-ites applied to Justice Maddox of the Subreme Court for an order directing their opponents to show the roll books of certain district associa-tions.

tions.

The Declingites said they were willing to show the books, provided the Mechanites allowed them to glance over the rolls of certain associations under their control. Justice Maddox gave the litigants a day to harmonize, if possible.

# WORTH WAR TO BE PUSHED

THE LINES ARE BEING DRAWN FOR THE PRIMARIES NEXT MONDAY, mptroller Palmer Rewards Two County Com

mittee Delegates Who Stood by Worth After Giving Signs of Being Ready to Go Over to the Enemy-Patrick H. Flynn Benies a Yarn The anti-Worth leaders in Brooklyn, encour aged by the gallant capture of the County Con mittee from the strongly intrenched enemy on Tuesday night, are busily engaged for anothe

grand coup at the primaries next Monday night. They are cock sure that on that night the Hen. Jacob Worth's utter political dethronement will be decreed and that the decks will in dead earnest be "cleared for action" before the time comes to "cross the river." The prediction of Sheriff Buttling and the

Worth retainers that the combination formed by Lieut.-Gov. Woodruff, Theodore B. Willis, and Walter B. Atterbury would fall to pieces after the County Committee contest had been decided, has not been verified. These gentlemen are still harmonious, and yesterday they spent several hours at the Clarendon Hotel headquarters arranging all the details for

the next battle.
Licut.-Gov. Woodruff declared that th stories about a probable compromise between Senator Platt and Worth were utterly base

"Mr. Platt," he said, "doesn't play politics that way. There has been no change in the situation except that the two men are further and further apart. There is no chance of a compromise. Worth will not have half the delegates to the City Convention or anything near it. He will also be beaten in the County Convention, probably 2 to 1. He has never carried a County Convention, even with the State organization with him, and he is not going to do it now with the State organization against\_him. Worth's game has been one of hypocrisy from the start. He declared for Low because he thought he could hold his own wards, in which there is no Low sentiment, and make inroads in such wards as the First, and make inroads in such wards as the First, Seventh, Twentieth, and Twenty-third, where the Low sentiment is strong. It is peculiar that with the exception of two votes in these wards, they were solidly against Worth. I will wager that more delegates will vote for Low in the City Convention from the Willis wards than from the Worth wards.

It is generally assumed that Naval Officer Sharker and Congressman Fischer, who prevented Worth's defeat in the County Committee by a majority of nearly 25 instead of 9, will henceforward be included in the anti-Worth column.

P. H. Flynn, who was instrumental in bring-

tee by a majority of nearly 25 instead of 9, will henceforward be included in the anti-Worth column.

P. H. Flynn, who was instrumental in bringing Henry A. Hanbury, the Eighth ward leader, into the anti-Worth camp, denied emphatically yesterday the story that he had come on Saturday night from Senator Platt bearing an olive branch to Worth.

"Go and ask Jake himself," Mr. Flynn said, "about such a proposition. His state of mind must be interesting."

Comptroller Palmer, who shares with Sheriff Buttling the distinction of being very close to Worth, made, two appointments yesterday which are exceedingly suggrestive, to say the least. In the first place he promoted Josiah W. Mackey, a \$75 a month clerk in the Register's Office, to the place of assistant warrant clerk in his own office at a salary of \$100 a month. Mackey was a delegate to the County Convention from the Teath ward, and voted for Worth. Two days before the meeting he was regarded as shuky, and the Willis people were trying to capture him. The other appointment by Comptroller Palmer was that of Abraham Miller as Bockmaster at a salary of \$1,000 a year. Miller was also a delegate to the County Committee from the Twenty-sixth ward, and stood by Worth. He, like Mackey, had for a few days been in the "doubtful" column of delegates.

In a few days the warring statesmen will have their slates for the various county and other offices in the field, and the lighting which is now general will be transferred to each of the old 620 election district a mong which the Republican voting host is still distributed, although the Election Commissioners have reduced the districts to 516. In their quest for delegates the anti-Worth chieftains, embolicand by their success, will penetrate every district, no matter how strongly manned if may

delegates the anti-Worth chieftains, embold-ened by their success, will penetrate every dis-trict, no matter how strongly manned if may seem to be by the enemy, nor will they be checked in any way in their onslaughts or di-verted from their main purpose by the presence of the decoy Low banners which Worth has hung out to befog the real issue.

Until Worth is completely driven from the field there will be no peace in the Republican

# BRYAN CITY TICKET

State Ticket, Possibly.

The Bryanites are much disturbed by the difficulties in the way of making independent nominations for Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals under the Election law, It is required that there shall be 6.000 signatures to the nominating petition, and at least fifty from each county of the State. The securing of such a petition would the State. The securing of such a petition would consume so much time and cost so much money that Henry Nichols and ex-Senator Bixby of the United Democracy Holland House conference both said yesterday that the nomination might be abandoned. The question will be settled at a meeting of the Conference Committee to be held at the headquarters of the United Democracy, 42 East Twenty-third street, tonight.

Democracy, 42 East Twenty-third street, tonight.

One of the questions to be settled at the meeting to-night is the date for holding the United
Democracy City Convention. All indications
point to Saturday, Sept. 25, as the date to be
fixed. This means that the silver men represented in the Holland House conference propose
putting a city ticket in the field before Tammany
does. The Democratic Alliance is opposed to
such action because its managers believe that
better men can be secured for candidates if they
wait until Tammany has shown her hand.
One thing which all the Bryanites are agreed on
is that any Bryan man who permits himself to
be nominated by Tammany with a view to
beringing support of labor men to the Tammany
ticket will be treated as a traitor to the Chicago
platform.

# FORAKER ANSWERS BRYAN.

He Says the Diugley Bill Has Provided Mor. Work Than the Democratic Party Ever Dis.

SEDALIA, Mo., Sept. 16.-Senator Foraker poke here to-day to 5,000 people. Speaking of Mr. Bryan's explanation as to the advance in wheat being attributable to the shortage of the crop in Europe, the Senator said that sheep cattle, and all farm products must also be short in India, as there had been an appreciable advance all along the line since the enactment of vance an along the line since the enactment of the Dingley bill. Attention was called to the fact that 340,000 idle men had been put to work since the Dingley bill was signed. "A larger number," said the speaker, "than the Democratic party has provided employment for since it was organized."

He referred to Mr. Hrvan's utterances here yesterday on strikes, which the Nebraskan laid to the Republican party.

yesteriary on strikes, which the Nebraskan land to the Republican party.

"When the Democratic party is in power,"
add the speaker, "the factories and mines all close down, and the former employees have no wages to strike for, but instead they strike out into the highways and byways in search of employment."

He said the Republican party stood for himetallism as soon as it could obtain the co-operation of other countries, but until that time it favored maintaining the gold standard.

#### 8,000 NAMES FOR LOW AND BRYAN. Used for Low Once but Offered as Just as tiond for Bryan Now.

The United Democracy is securing a volun tary enrollment of persons who favor the Chicago platform and municipal ownership and operation of street railway franchises as well as operation of street railway franchises as well as the election of only such candidates as indorse those issues. A man called on Secretary Scan-lon who said that he was Henry Holden of Brooklyn, and who asserted that he had got 8,000 signatures for Seth Low's nomination for the Citizens' Union. He said he could get the same men who signed for Low to sign the United Democracy enrollment for a guarantee of five cents a name.

ents a name. Mr. Scanlon declined the proposition.

# COFFEY ON THE WARPATH.

ic Wants to Know Whether Judge Parke Voted for Bryan.

Senator Michael J. Coffey of Brooklyn, who roted against the expulsion of Purroy from the State Committee on Wednesday and cast one of the votes against the nomination of Judge Alton B. Parker for the Court of Appeals, is not satisfied with the situation and is still on the war-

bath.

He said yesterday that he proposed to write to Judge Parker and ask him whether he supported the Chicago platform and voted for Wilsm Jennings Bryan, and that if he did not answer in the affirmative he would vote against him.

Pills as a mild, effective family cathartic. They stimulate the liver, remove all waste the liver, remove all waste Are winning favor everywher and leave the bowels in healthy condition.

CITS WILL RATIFY ON OCE. 6.

For over three hours the Otta' Executive Committee exchanged dreams last night while locked up in the back room of the headquarters at 39 East Twenty-third street. When they came out they looked more wearied than ever. It is a remarkable fact that nearly every one of the Cits on that committee, particularly the "better element," members, grown stoop-shouldered since the campaign began. Joseph Larocque, Reynolds, Pine, and Pryor are stooping more and more every day, while the cases of John C. Clark and J. Kennedy Tod, the latter of whom bears the financial burden of the Cits, are really becoming serious. The stoop-shoulders and worn faces tell

a tale of fearful responsibility.

Despite the fact that the confab lasted more than three hours, very little was accomplished, the excuse being given that Poet Gilder con-sumed the greater part of the time in making an impassioned speech in rhymed hexameters. Candidates for Comptroller and President of the Council were discussed and some progress was made. Since Candidate Low returned to was made. Since Candidate Low returned to town there have been several conferences with him on this subject, and it is said that by his advice the choice has been narrowed down to a very few names. A special meeting of the Executive Committee has been called for Mon-day afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the down-town beadquarters, 32 Liberty street. It is not unlikely that at this meeting candidates will be named and the names sent to the borough organizations.

The date of Mr. Low's debut as an active The date of Mr. Low's debut as an active The Cita will be a supposite of the cita wil The date of Mr. Low's debut as an active campaigner was also settled. The Cits will hold a ratification meeting in Cooper Union on Wednosday evening, Oct. 6. All the big Cits will take a hand, but the features of the evening will be Candidate Low and his speech. While the committee was in session last evening the news was brought in that the Republican County Committee had declared for a straight ticket. It was received with the silent scorn the Cits thought it deserved, but Chairman Heynolds was at last induced to say something. He said:

"The action of the Republicans will not affect us in the least. We are beyond the point of being affected by their actions in one way or another."

In a morning paper yesterday Jake Worth

of being affected by their actions in one way or another."

In a morning paper yesterday Jake Worth estimated that Candidate Low would receive in Greater New York 242,000 votes, Tammany, 191,000, and the Republican candidate 73,000. Chairman Reynolds was much pleased with this estimate, but thought it was too conservative, much too conservative. Candidate Low's day was a busy one. He went up to the new site of Columbia University in the morning and said he was much gratified with the progress that had been made. Then he went back to the Plaza and talied over things with James B. Reynolds and Charles Stewart Smith. In the afternoon he came down into the hotel office and smiled on the reporters. He talked, but said nothing. Nothing can induce him to talk politics.

The Cits authorized the publication yesterday of another programme for him until Oct.'4. According to this new schedule he will devote only his mornings to Columbia University. The afternoons he will devote to his mail, and the evenings will be given to conferences with his lieutenants and to other social pleasures. His first speech, however, will be on the night of the 6th, and from then on he does not expect to put on his coat, he'll be so busy electioneering.

#### JONES, BEFORE HE WAS DEALT WITH, Wanted "Genuine Democrata" to Get Control

of the New York Organization. Senator James K. Jones, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, whose letter advising against indorsement of the Chicago platform by the New York Democratic State Committee was used against the Bryan men when the committee met on Wednesday, wrote to ex-Sheriff James O'Brien as follows on

April 8 list:

DEAR Sin: I sincerely hope that genuine Democrata
will get control of the organization in your State. It
seems to me that it would be wise for a State Convention to be assembled next fall for the purpose of
making the one nomination needed, and organize the
machinery of the party, but of course I have no connection with your State organization, and don't know
just what would be proper for me to say or do in that
connection, or whether I should say anything at all.

#### The Brooklyn Republican Club Pleased at the Action of the County Committee.

The Brooklyn Republican Club, composstalwart members of the party in the First and adjoining wards in Brooklyn, met last night at 146 Pierrepont street and took its night at 140 Fierrepont street and took its place in the anti-Worth camp by unanimously indorsing the action of the County Committee. In the octal gathering which followed the for-mal proceedings there was much jubilation over the defeat of Worth, and a general determina-tion was expressed to make it still more em-phatic at the primaries and conventions.

Stores Are Opened Only to Dispose of the Cargoes of Incoming Boats. These letters were received by THE SUN yes

terday: St. MICHAEL, Alaska, Aug. 26.-The Bella reached here from Dawson City last night. She brought about \$1,000,000 in nuggets. The John J. Healy, which preceded her by about an hour, brought a little more than half that amount. Several of the Bolla's passengers and the Healy's concur in saying that the Klondike is the richest country on the earth's surface. There is no end to the gold there.

Among the Bella's passengers were Mr. and Mrs. Reed, the missionaries. Mrs. Reed tells the same story. She also corroborates and emphasizes the question of the scarcity of food, The company's stores are closed because they have no food to sell. As each steamer goes up the stores are opened and the goods sold, not even sufficient to satisfy those who are there already. As the people are pouring in over the passes at the rate of ten to one going by the water route, the result is but too certain. and Mrs. Reed are going back by the Cleveland to spend the winter in San Francisco. They will return in the spring. Mrs. Reed went in with her husband last spring over the pass. She says it is not such a hardship if properly provided with plenty of woollens, furs, and heavy shoes. It is "slush" everywhere, at all seasons of the year.

it is not such a hardship if properly provided with plenty of woollens, furs, and heavy shoes. It is "slush" everywhere, at all seasons of the year.

Mrs. Reed advises us to winter at Circle City, or if we wish to hunt to go up the Pelly River. There is a new discovery there, about four hundred miles from Dawson—Michunk. Circle City is utterly deserted, but there are plenty of good cabins which their owners have left, some of them furnished.

Dawson is a city of tents; no houses to be had. It is one great swamp and maiaria is rampant. Two brothers were taken ill of typhoid. Their pariner nursed them and is now lying ill of the disease himself at St. Michael. All are emphatic in their admonitions not to stop at Dawson, or sather not to try to winter there, and all concur in the dreaded famine, which has all but commenced. Any man going into that country without being duly provisioned takes not only his own life, but imperils the lives of those already there and perhaps unable to get out.

St. Michael, Alaska, Aug. 30.—The steamer St. Michael, which the new cooperative association, the Miners' Cooperative Transportation Company, purchased and loaded with thirty tons of food supplies, left here for Dawson and intermediate landings at 8 o'clock this morning. The work of loading the vessel, even to cutting the wood, was done by the members and sharcholders themselves. Capt. Harnet and his crew of sixteen are all members of the company. The President of the company is Frank Gleason of Davenport, Ia.; the Vice-President J. E. Powell of Chicago. The North American Trading and Transportation Company has made an offer of \$7,200 for the vessel at Dawson on conclusion of this trip. It is not thought that the owners will accept it. The North American Company has made an offer of \$7,200 for the vessel at Dawson on conclusion of this trip. It is not thought that the owners will accept it. The North American Company have made camp here for the winter. Their tents show white and pictures use against the barge to convey their pr

# TO GRAB YUKON CLAIMS.

in Alleged Canadian Scheme to Help Out Political Favorites.

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 16.-It is charged here hat the Canadian Government is considering an application from political favorites to presen them with the choicest reserved claims in the Yukon district, they to form a volunteer mili-tary company and assist the mounted police, if desired, in the enforcement of mining regula-

Deska, \$14 to \$125. Revolving Chairs, \$3 to \$30. Typewriter Cabinets, \$20 to \$40. Bookcases, revolving,

New style desks for season 1897-1898 now on exhibition.

HALE CO. Desks at export prices, 15 Stone Street, next Produce Exchange.

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\$7 to \$20.

# William Norr's Widow Found Dead with His

Mrs. 'Olga Norr of 335 East Fifteenth street, vidow of William Norr, a sporting writer, who died several weeks ago, committed suicide in her flat vesterday by inhaling illuminating gas. Mrs. Norr grieved greatly over her husba death, and a week ago set out to leap from the Saturday her brother-in-law, Otto Norr, called on her and, finding a piece of rubber tubing in the bathroom, asked her what she meant to de

with it. "Fill out that date," said the woman, point ing to an urn on the mantelpiece, which contained the ashes of her husband.

When Norr examined the urn he found that inder the dates of her husband's birth and death, on a card on the urn, she had written the date of her own birth and then "September,

death, on a card on the urn, she had written the date of her own birth and then "September, 1897."

Norr took the pipe with him when he went away and sent his mother, who lives at 130 St. Mark's place, to reason with the young widow.

On Wednesday Mrs. Norr went to the office of the Lutheran Cemetery unknown to her relatives and bought a grave there. Then she went out shopping with her sister-in-law, Mamie Norr, returning to her home at about 6 o'clock. One of the neighbors spoke to her at 9 o'clock yesterday morning and others heard her singing in her flat at noon.

At 6:30 o'clock last night Otto Norr rang the bell of her flat, but couldn't get any answer. Suspecting something wrong, he summoned Polkemen Carroll and Bloonell of the East Fifth street station. They burst open the locked front door, the kitchen door, and finally the door of Mrs. Norr's bedroom. The latter room was full of gas. Mrs. Norr was dead in bed, with the end of a tube attached to the gas jet in her mouth. The gas was turned on full. On the bed beside her was the urn containing her husband's ashes, a number of the last letters written by her husband, the receipt for the grave in Lutheran Cemetery, and \$95. In the front room she had carefully arranged in a semi-circle the remains of the flowers sent by friends to her husband's funeral.

There was a loaded revolver on the bureau in Mrs. Norr's room, and beside it a letter addressed to her mother-in-law. The letter instructed Mrs. Norr to have the body of the writter cremated, the ashes placed in the same urn with her husband's, and the urn buried in the lot she had purchased in Lutheran Cemetery, It ended with the following:

"Forgive me for doing this and bringing disgrace on you all, but I find it impossible to live without Billy."

Mrs. Norr was 21 years old.

TRIED SUICIDE IN A HOSPITAL

Rushton Was Struck by a Train Several Days Ago and May Have Intended Suicide Then. PLAINFIELD, N. J., Sept. 16.-Robert Rushton who was struck by a train on the Central Rail road of New Jersey near the North avenue station on fuesday and was taken to the Muhlenberg Hospital, attempted to commit suicide in that institution last night at supportime. A knife and fork had been given to him, and in the absence of the nurse he cut a jagged gash in his neck near the jugular vein. The knife was not sharp enough, however, for the wound to be

sharp enough, however, for the wound to be serious.

The nurse returned and found Rushton's shirt covered with blood, and he calmly admitted that he had cut himself. He was removed to a private room, and will probably be sent to a sanitarium to recover from the fit of melancholy which affects him. Though it was said to have been accidental, many who saw him struck by the train said that he acted as though he intended to step in front of the engine.

SCHENECTADY, Sept. 16,-The woman who committed suicide at the Cadillac Hotel, Monreal, was to-day positively identified as Mrs. Albert Warner of Burlington, Vt. She was formerly a resident of Montreal, and her maiden name was Guthrie. It is quite certain that the woman is the same one who was here and who was known as Mattie Warren.

# A Butcher Kills Himself with Gas.

John Long, 26 years old, a butcher, of 275 West Seventeenth street, committed suicide yesterday by inhaling illuminating gas at his home. He was despondent because he could not get work.

# Italian Ducillats Fined \$10 Each.

Pietro Pisapia of 112 Mulberry street and Anonio Camersino of 124 Mulberry street, the Italian cigar manufacturers who engaged in a duel on Mulberry street on Wednesday night, were arraigned in the Centre Street Court yes-terday morning. When they were arrested they preferred countercharges of felonions assault against each other, but in court yesterday they both declared that they were the best of friends, Magistrate Crane ordered that a charge of dis-



The angels that bring healthy, happy children into the world are the angels of health and contentment. Children reflect their parents,—particularly the mother. She is responsible for what they are—for what they do. She is responsible if they are puny, sick, weak, useless, miscrable. It depends on her health. Her health depends on her care of it. If she is strong and healthy in a womanly way, she will have strong, healthy children. She may be sick or well—it is a matter of choice. She can be well if she wants to. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will make her well. It is the only positive, permanent, infallible cure for diseases of the organs distinctly feminine. It purifies, strengthens, invigorates. It promotes the regular performance of all the functions. It fits a woman for the duties and pleasures of wifehood and motherhood. Its most benificent usefulness is in preparing for the time of parturition. It robs child-birth of pain and danger.

Mrs. W. B. Duncan, of Arlington, Mo. writes if have used your Favorite Prescription; and

robs child-birth of pain and danger.

Mrs. W. B. Duncan, of Arlington, Mo., writes:

"I have used your 'Favorite Prescription' and
am never tired of sounding its praise. When my
lady friends complain, I say 'Why don't you take
Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription' I told an
anxious mother, whose daughter (if years old)
had not been right for five months, about the
medicine, and after the young lady had taken twothirds of a bottle of 'Favorite Prescription' she
was all right. She had been treated by two of
our best doctors.

A neighbor took nearly four bottles of 'Favorte Prescription' before her baby was born. She
was the mother of one child, and had two doctors
with her before, and was for nearly six weeks in
bed, almost helpless. She thought that if it were
possible she would do something the next time,
and last Epstember was delivered almost pain,
lessly of a fine boy. She thinks Dr. Plerce's Faworite Prescription did it. The mid-wife who was
with her, said she had the easiest time she even
tax any one have, and she is an old lady."

# PANKOFENGLAND RESERVE

ONE-FIFTH TO BE IN SILVER WHE

Then Only Providing the Government De it and the Procuring and Selling Prices of Miver Are Satisfactory-The Statement the Bank's Governor on the Matter

Special Cubic Desputch to Tun Sun. IIII LONDON, Sept. 16 .- At a meeting of the dire ors of the Bank of England held to day, Mr. Hugh Smith, the Governor of that institution said that among the proposals by which England might increase the use of silver, and, without interfering with the gold standard, enable France and the United States to resume the fremintage of silver, was one asking the bank to hold in reserve the amount of silver permissible under the act of 1844 as against notes. The Government, he said, had consulted with him in the matter and he had written to Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, on the subject. In this communication he had

Referring to our conversation, I beg to say that the Bank of England is prepared to carry out what is laid down as permissible in the bank's charter, vis., to hold one-fifth of the bullion held against the note issue in silver. provided always that the French mint is again onen to the free columns of silver and that th prices at which silver is procurable and salable are satisfactory."

The Governor, in reply to a question whether

there would be any depreciation or any change in the quality of the bank's reserve, said: "We have had no negotiations with the mone

tary commissioners from America. They are negotiating with the Government. All that we have done was stated in my letter, namely: Under circumstances the bank is not unwilling to carry out what is permissible under the ac-Mr. Smith's statement is not regarded as hav-

ing practical importance in view of the reservations it contains, but it has caused irritation based on a suspicion that the Government has induced the bank to take a hand in politics, and that, as the Standard says, while "ridding the Government civilly of the importunities of the McKinley Administration," the bank has allowed itself to appear as toving with the himet The view taken in banking circles is that Mr.

Smith's note to Sir Michael Hicks-Beach was merely a civil reply to a Government communication, but objection is taken to even a discus sion of an alteration in the basis of the note circulation. The latter part of the concluding sentence of the note is taken as meaning that the bank will require a Government guarantee against any loss arising from holding silver.

At the Stock Exchange no importance is at tached to the discussion. It is understood that the French and American Governments are corresponding on the subject, but it is not anticipated that the French mint will be reopened to the free coinage of silver. The Bank of France already has £50,000,000 in silver, on which the depreciation has been more than 50 per cent., and it is not likely to lay itself open to such an increase of this stock as would force the entire currency of the republic to a silver basis.

The Standard publishes an angry editorial on the subject. Although admitting that Mr. Smith's letter does not endanger the currency, it calls it a fatuous blunder. It proceeds: Why on earth should we help the United States out of their currency dilemmas at the

the least desire to help us in anything ? Do not their politicians flout us as they place endles obstructions in the way of our trade with their country as if the two were at bitter enmity! It would be interesting to know what Sir Michael Hicks-Beach said to this childish proposal of Mr. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach is known to be

strong monometallist.

The Daily News says there may be diplomatic casons for showing polite attention to the views of the French and American Governments, but judging from the small effect produced, no important step has been taken. The Times, after seeking to reconcile the mit statement in regard to the Bank of England made last Saturday by a correspondent in whom it expressed its confidence, and the proposals nade by Mr. Smith, protests against the policy the Bank has consented to adopt even as three

imited and safeguarded. It maintains that the introduction of a dubious element like silver is not justified by the negotiations between the Ministry, the American Mone tary Commissioners, and the French Government. It says that it would appear that the leading statesmen of France are not wholly disinclined to reopen the French mint to the coinage of silver, and that a vigor ous attempt is being made to induce the Government of India to consent to the reopening of the mints in that country. The Times prints a letter from Mr. Farrar, a

conomist, protesting against the proposal of the American Commissioners to reopen the Indian mints for the coinage of silver on the understanding that the United States and France open their mints to free coinage of the metal at the ratio of 1519 to 1. He says such a proposal has been before the British Government for some time.

In its city article the Times admits that the Bank of England's conditions are regarded as almost prohibitive, but says it is nevertheless felt that the matter requires to be cleared up, as the Bank's offer is still apparently open.

#### MORE TROOPS FOR INDIA. An Infantry Regiment and 600 Cavalry Sai

from London-More Hard Fighting. LONDON, Sept. 16 .- Another regiment of infantry and 600 cavalry left England for India o-day. The campaign on the frontier will now be pushed with the greatest energy.

Accounts of the defence of Fort Gullstan which was relieved by the army under Gen. Briggs yesterday after a four days' siege by a large force of Afridi tribesmen have just been received here. These reports show the greatest gallantry on the part of the garrison of the fort which was composed of 165 Sikhs. The enemy made repeated attacks upon the fort and were as often repulsed by the garrison, who met the assaults with bayonets and followed up their efforts at resistance with rushes upon the be-A Havildar (a non-commissioned officer o

A Havildar (a non-commissioned officer of native soldiers), with sixteen men, made a sortic against a body of 300 of the enemy and captured three standards.

Another group of ten men went to the assistance of the party of sixteen when the Havildar was hard pressed and killed a great number of the enemy.

of the enemy.

The garrison lost two killed and thirty-sight wounded. The other British losses, suffered in wounded. The other British losses, suffered in the fighting which resulted in the relief of the fort, were thirty Sepoys killed and fifty-eight wounded. wounded.

Simile, Sept. 16.—The Mohmands attacked the Simile, Sept. 16.—The Mohmands attacked the Simile at the Sept. 14. The garrison fought stubbornly, and six hours heavy firing ensued. Two British officers and two privates were killed.

CRISIS IMPENDING AT ROME. A now Regarding the Selection of a Ministe of Justice.

LONDON, Sept. 16 .- A despatch to the Central News from Rome says that the Ministerial Council, which was to have been held to-day, has been cancelled owing to a split in the Cabinet regarding the selection of a Minister of Justice, to fill the vacancy caused by the recent death of Senator Costa, Marquis di Rudini, the Premier, having assumed the duties of that office in the interim. A crisis is probable, the despatch says, resulting in a combination Ministry composed of friends of the Marquis di Rudini and Signor Zanardelli, Premier of the Chamber of Deputics. been cancelled owing to a split in the Cabinet

# English Naval Appointments

LONDON, Sept. 16.—Among the naval appointnents which have just been made are those of Vice-Admiral Sir Henry Frederick Nicholson, Commander-in-Chief at Sheerness, who is raised to the rank of Admiral, and Lord Charles Beros-ford, promoted from the rank of Captain to that of Rear-Admiral.

Haron Fava's Recall Said to Have Been De-

From Il Progresso Italo-Americano. Rome, Sept. 15.—The Messagiero prints a pos-itive announcement that the recall of Baron Saverio Fava, Ambassador from the King of Italy at Washington, has been definitely de-cided upon.



You Must Get Your

# Miller Derby

Now at Brill Brothers'.

Mr. Miller has gone out of business, as you know, and we are hereafter SOLE AGENTS IN GREATER NEW YORK for the Miller MILLER Derby. It is the same excellent quality and is made by the

John B. Stetson Company as heretofore. It is still the leader in style. The only difference is that you buy it now at

# Brill Brothers

THREE 279 Broadway, Near Chambers 47 Cortlandt, Near Greenwich SIUNES | 211 Sixth Ave., Near 14th Street THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

ries to Be Signed Formally To-Mer

Special Cable Despatches to Tun Sun. CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 16.—It is officially asounced that at a meeting to-day of the representatives of the powers and Tewfik Pasha, Minister of Foreign Affairs, the last articles of the treaty of peace between Turkey and Greece were finally initialled, and that the formal signing of the peace preliminaries will take place next

ATHENS, Sept. 16.-The Boule will meet im mediately to ratify the treaty of peace, which, it is announced from Constantinople, was concluded to-day. The Ministers of the powers in Athens will constitute the international com-mission which will have control of the indemnity loan and other State debts.

DID HE MARRY THE HOUSEKEEPEN Official Denial That Archduke Frans Fordings. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR .

BERTAN, Sept. 16,-The newspapers of Air-la-Chapelle publish a sensational story to the effect that Archduke Frans Ferdinand, beir presumptive to the thrones of Austria and Hungary, when on a recent visit to Herr Krupp, the great gunmaker of Essen, met Fraulein Huss man, Herr Krupp's housekeeper, and became violently enamored of her. The couple, according to the story, went to London, where they were married. They are now believed to be spending their hongymoon in Algiers.

VIENNA, Sept. 16 .- An official denial is given to the story that Archduke Franz Ferdinand has married the housekeeper of Herr Krupp. EXPELLED FROM BELGIUM.

course Michel Didn't Got a Chance to Deliver Her Anarchistic Lecture. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. BRUSSELS, Sept. 16.—Louise Michel, the aged French Anarchist, arrived here to-day with the intention of delivering a lecture on the subject of the Spanish Anarchists who, it is alleged, were tortured in the Montjuich prison at Barce lona. She did not get a chance to s; eak, however, for as soon as the police learned of her esence she was taken into custody and late

#### expelled from the country. PATENOTRE GOES TO MADRID. The French Ambassador Here to Be Replaced

by the Comte de Montholon.

PARIS, Sept. 16 .- M. J. Patenotre, French Ambassador to the United States, has been transferred to Madrid, and Comte de Montholoa, French Minister to Belgium, has been trans ferred from the post at Brussels to Washington, MAY EXCOMMUNICATE NAVABRO

later of Conversion. MADRID, Sept. 16 .- A despatch received here from the Balcaric Isles says that the Bishop of

Palma has published a threat of excommunica-tion against Senor J. Navarro Reverter, Minis-ter of Finance, charging him with the coaver-sion of Church lands to governmental purposes. MR. AND MRS. HARRISON WRONGED.

Their Address Printed by Mistake for That of Mary Barris. In an account of the arrest of one Mary Harris nd four other women, for disorderly conduct, which was printed in THE SUN last Monday, the ddress of the house where the arrests were made was printed as 245 West Thirty-seventh made was printed as 245 West Thirty-sevents street, instead of 245 West Thirty-second street, as was the fact.

This mistake did a great injustice to Mr. and Mrs. Harrison, who own the house at 245 West Thirty-seventh street, and have lived there for the past fourteen years, and their annoyance through the publication was increased by the partial similarity in names.

The Sun offers its apologies to Mr. and Mrs. Harrison.

Albany Post Office Sold for Unpaid Water Taxes. ALBANY, Sept. 16.—The massive granite building standing at the foot of Capitol Hill, and used by Uncle Sam for a Post Office and other Federal purposes, was sold yesterday by the County Treasurer for unpaid water taxes amounting 10 \$3.74. The Federal authorities have one! water tax on the Post Office for a long time back It was a trifle under \$4, but the city could never

It was a trifle under \$4, but the city could level collect it. According to custom, the debt was auctioned off resterday in the County Treasurer's office, and the purchaser was Attorney John F. Montignani of this city. When the loss Office building was noticed for sale Mr. Montis nani promptly paid the amount of taxes due on the property, and a certificate of its sale for unpaid taxes was given. The Federal Government has two years in which to pay Mr. Montischian the is not paid a deeu to the property will be given him. Insurance Collector Held Up and Robbed. SCHENECTADY, Sept. 16 .- John Cummings, local collector for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, while returning on his bicycle from Rotterdam Junction this afternoon, where

the had been making collections, was held up by two tramps about five miles from this city. The men took \$30 in cash and then, after letting he wind out of both tires of his bicycle, they disp peared in the woods. Sheriff taw has sent a posse in search of the highwaymen.

Printer Milled by a Pall. Henry Dunlap, a printer, fell from a third floor rindow of the Columbus Hotel, at Eighty fourth street and Third avenue, to the sidewalk, allegi 2 o'clock yesterday morning. He was killele The door to Dunlap's room had been looked of accident, and in trying to crawl in through the window he lost his balance.

buit for the Value of J. J. Astor's Launch. The Hudson River steamer Mary Pawell, which ran down John Jacob Astor - Fit launch, has been libelled in the United States
District Court by William H. H. Curtis, the C.P.
tain of the launch, in a suit to recover the values
of the launch, \$3,500.

#### FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE. Unheard of Bargains in

dining room designs.